UNX49/UNX61 U-CONTROL

User's Manual



Version 1.1 August 2006





www.behringer.com

IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



GB

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not remove the cover (or back). No user-serviceable parts inside; refer servicing to qualified personnel. Only qualified personnel may perform repairs.

WARNING: The apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus.



This symbol, wherever it appears, alerts you to the presence of uninsulated dangerous voltage inside the enclosure—voltage that may be sufficient to constitute a risk of shock.



This symbol, wherever it appears, alerts you to important operating and maintenance instructions in the accompanying literature. Please read the manual.



DETAILED SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) Read these instructions.
- 2) Keep these instructions.
- 3) Heed all warnings.
- 4) Follow all instructions.
- 5) Do not use this apparatus near water.
- 6) Clean only with a dry cloth.

7) Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

8) Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.

9) Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding-type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or the third prong are provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.

10) Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.

11) Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.

12) Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.



13) Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.

14) Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.

15) CAUTION - These service instructions are for use by qualified service personnel only. To reduce the risk of electric shock do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the operation instructions unless you are qualified to do so.

FOREWORD



Dear Customer,

Welcome to the team of BEHRINGER users, and thank you very much for expressing your confidence in us by purchasing the U-CONTROL.

Writing this foreword for you gives me great pleasure, because it represents the culmination of many months of hard work delivered by our engineering team to achieve a very ambitious goal. With the U-CONTROL we present you our first keyboard which, thanks

to its flexibility, can be used on stage as a master keyboard controller as well as a pure MIDI controller. The task of designing our new U-CONTROL certainly meant a great deal of responsibility, which we assumed by focusing on you, the discerning user and musician. Meeting your expectations also meant a lot of work and night shifts. But it was fun, too. Developing a product usually brings a lot of people together, and what a great feeling it is when all who participated in such a project can be proud of what they've achieved.

It is our philosophy to share our enjoyment with you, because you are the most important member of the BEHRINGER team. With your highly competent suggestions for new products you've made a significant contribution to shaping our company and making it successful. In return, we guarantee you uncompromising quality as well as excellent technical and audio properties at an extremely reasonable price. All of this will enable you to give free rein to your creativity without being hampered by budget constraints.

We are often asked how we manage to produce such highquality devices at such unbelievably low prices. The answer is quite simple: it's you, our customers! Many satisfied customers mean large sales volumes enabling us to get better purchasing terms for components, etc. Isn't it only fair to pass this benefit on to you? Because we know that your success is our success too!

I would like to thank all of you who have made the U-CONTROL possible. You have all made your own personal contributions, from the developers and many other employees at this company, to you, the BEHRINGER user.

My friends, it's been worth the effort!

Thank you very much,

U. 15

Uli Behringer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION					
1.1 Before you get started 4 1.1.1 Shipment 4 1.1.2 Initial operation and power supply 4 1.1.3 Online registration 4 1.2 System requirements 5					
2. INTRODUCTION TO MIDI					
2.1 MIDI control for beginners 5 2.2 USB mode and stand-alone operation 6 2.2.1 USB mode 6 2.2.2 Stand-alone operation 6					
3. CONTROL ELEMENTS AND CONNECTIONS					
4. OPERATION7					
4.1 PLAY mode 7 4.1.1 The FACTORY MEMORY 7 4.1.2 The USER MEMORY 7 4.2 ASSIGN mode 8 4.2.1 Setting the GLOBAL CHANNEL 8 4.2.2 Individual channel assignment 8 4.2.3 GLOBAL CHANNEL assignment 8 4.2.4 The PANIC key combination 8 4.2.5 The SNAPSHOT SEND command 8 4.2.6 LOCAL OFF 8 4.2.7 Control elements assignment 9 4.2.8 Program and bank change 9 4.2.9 Other functions of the OCTAVE SHIFT buttons . 10 4.2.10Velocity Sensitivity 4.2.11 The FACTORY RESET command 11					
5. SPECIFICATIONS12					
6. APPENDIX13					

1. INTRODUCTION

Thank you for showing your confidence in BEHRINGER products by purchasing the UMX. The UMX is an extremely flexible master keyboard with a controller unit that can be used for a wide array of applications. Whether you need independent control of computer rack synthesizers, General MIDI sound modules or effects devices, or want to use the UMX for conveniently operating sequencing software or computer plug-ins—the UMX offers you tremendous ease of use and allows you to realize your ideas intuitively.

The UMX49 and UMX61 only differ in the size of the keyboard (49 or 61 keys).

The following user's manual is intended to familiarize you with the unit's control elements, so that you can master all the functions. After having thoroughly read the user's manual, store it at a safe place for future reference.

1.1 Before you get started

1.1.1 Shipment

The U-CONTROL was carefully packed at the assembly plant to assure secure transport. Should the condition of the cardboard box suggest that damage may have taken place, please inspect the unit immediately and look for physical indications of damage.

- Damaged equipment should NEVER be sent directly to us. Please inform the dealer from whom you acquired the unit immediately as well as the transportation company from which you took delivery of the unit. Otherwise, all claims for replacement/repair may be rendered invalid.
- To assure optimal protection of your UMX during transport, we recommend utilizing a carrying case.
- Please always use the original packaging to avoid damage due to storage or shipping.
- Never let unsupervised children play with the device or with its packaging.
- Please dispose of all packaging materials in an environment-friendly fashion.

1.1.2 Initial operation and power supply

Please make sure that the unit is provided with sufficient ventilation, and never place the UMX on top of an amplifier or in the vicinity of a heater to avoid the risk of overheating.

The power supply can be realized in different ways depending on the main application area. For the installation of the UMX in a studio environment, it is possible to connect the device directly to a free USB port of the computer using the USB cable provided (see Fig. 1.1).

In case it is not possible to establish the power supply over USB (e.g. because of an overload of the host computer due to several USB devices connected), it is also possible to operate the UMX with three 1.5-Volt batteries (type "AA", see Fig. 1.2).



Figure 1.1: Power supply via USB



Figure 1.2: The battery compartment on the bottom side of the UMX

Open the battery compartment by pressing the shutter clamp carefully in the direction of the battery compartment, while pulling the cover of the compartment upwards.

Please note the following points when inserting the batteries:

- The +symbol of the batteries must coincide with the +symbol of the compartment! Incorrect polarity will damage the electronics!
- ▲ Do not mix old and new batteries! When you change the batteries, always change all 3 batteries at the same time.
- Do not use damaged batteries. The UMX could be damaged due to the leakage of chemicals.
- If you do not use the unit for an extended period of time, please remove the batteries from the compartment. Here again, the batteries could leak and damage the device.

After inserting the batteries, please close the battery compartment and make sure the shutter clamp snaps into place again.

If you neither want to connect the power supply over USB nor operate the device with batteries, there is yet another possibility to connect the UMX over an external power supply unit. Please observe the correct operational data (DC 9 V; 100 mA) and correct polarity of the connector plug; you will find information about this above the DC input on the rear of the unit. Reverse polarity can damage the electronics.

1.1.3 Online registration

Please remember to register your new BEHRINGER equipment right after your purchase by visiting www.behringer.com (alternatively www.behringer.de) and read the terms and conditions of our warranty carefully.

Should your BEHRINGER product malfunction, our goal is to have it repaired as quickly as possible. To arrange for warranty service, please contact the retailer from whom the equipment was purchased. Should your BEHRINGER dealer not be located in your vicinity, you may directly contact one of our subsidiaries. Corresponding contact information is included in the original equipment packaging (Global Contact Information/European Contact Information). Should your country not be listed, please contact the distributor nearest to you. A list of distributors can be found in the support area of our website (www.behringer.com).

Registering your purchase and equipment with us helps us process your repair claims quicker and more efficiently.

Thank you for your cooperation!

1.2 System requirements

For USB operation, a current WINDOWS $^{\circ}$ PC or MAC $^{\circ}$ with a USB connection is sufficient. Both USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 are supported.

- The UMX supports the USB MIDI compatibility of WINDOWS® XP and MAC OS® X operating systems.
- The UMX can also be operated as a stand-alone MIDI controller with no PC connected. Software control via MIDI is also possible, provided your computer has a MIDI interface.

2. INTRODUCTION TO MIDI

2.1 MIDI control for beginners

Application possibilities for the UMX models are truly wideranging. We'll start with a couple of general explanations and examples that should quickly let you get a good understanding of MIDI basics.

The definition of the MIDI standard began in 1982 with the cooperation of various international companies (MIDI: Musical Instrument Digital Interface). At that time, musicians were looking for a possibility of managing the communication of electronic musical instruments of different makes with one another.

What exactly does the UMX do?

Simply put, this a remote control for all kinds of MIDI equipment. Using the faders, rotary knobs and buttons, the foot pedal and the keyboard, an entire array of control instructions can be generated, which in turn can control the most diverse functions of external devices.

What kinds of equipment can I control with the UMX?

You can basically control any device supporting the MIDI format. Both hardware and software MIDI devices are controlled in exactly the same way. The only difference is in the wiring.

Here are a couple of suggestions on how you can use your $\ensuremath{\mathsf{UMX}}$:

- Editing sound parameters of (virtual) synthesizers, sound samplers, GM/GS/XG sound generators
- Controlling parameters on effects equipment/software plugins such as effects processors, reverbs, compressors, equalizers
- Remotely controlling software mixers (volume, panorama, mute functions, etc.)
- Remotely controlling transport functions (playback, forward, stop, etc.) on sequencers, hard disk recorders, drum computers, etc.
- Live control of volume and sound parameters on expanders

- Remotely controlling groove boxes, step sequencers, MIDI generators and other "live" software
- Program changes and volume control on sound generators (just like on a master keyboard)
- ▲ Can be used by band keyboardists, solo entertainers, organists, electronic music performers, DJs, sound engineers, home/project studio owners, theater technicians, etc.

And how does it work?

Remote control is realized by assigning the individual control elements of the UMX to individual MIDI parameters. Whenever one of these control elements is operated, the UMX generates the control data assigned to this control element, which are then transferred to external devices over a data link. Thus, for example, the VOLUME/DATA fader is factory-set to send data controlling the volume level of a channel.

The data connection is usually a standard *MIDI* cable with a 5-pin DIN plug on each end. Such cables should not exceed a length of 15 meters. With the UMX there is one more data connection available: the USB cable to the host computer. Here, the cable should not exceed a length of 5 meters.

The data transmission takes place over 16 channels.

The control data generated by the individual control elements are also called *MIDI messages*, which can be divided into 3 major groups:

- ▲ **Channel Messages:** Here, channel-specific control information is transmitted. An example of a channel message is the *note-on* instruction. As soon as a key is played on the keyboard of the UMX, the device generates an instruction which contains the pitch, channel number and velocity. The receiving sound generator "knows" which tone has to be played.
- ▲ System Messages: These messages are not channelspecific but relate to the entire system to which they are sent. They are divided into 3 groups: System Exclusive Messages (for operating system backup, updates, management of memory contents); System Real-Time Messages (e.g. for remote control of other devices); System Common Messages (e.g. for the synchronization of several devices).
- ▲ **Control Messages:** Also known as *Control Changes* or *Controllers*, abbreviated as "CC… (*controller number*)". There are 128 controllers in total, which are numbered from 0 to 127.
- Please refer to Table 6.1 to find out which type of controller you are currently working with.
- MIDI data are only control data and contain no audible audio information! The data transmission takes place over 16 channels.

What settings do I have to make? Where? How?

Basically, which control element generates which controller must be set on the UMX, and how incoming controller commands should be interpreted must be set on the receiving device. Regarding controller assignment, there are two possible principles:

- ▲ You use the preset controller configuration set in the factory (see Fig. 3.1). In this case, you only need to make the assignments on the receiving device.
- ▲ You use your own controller configuration set up in ASSIGN mode. How to assign controllers to the UMX is described in Chapter 4 "Operation".

2.2 USB mode and stand-alone operation

The UMX can be operated as a USB interface or stand-alone device. The two modes are different with respect to the MIDI signal flow.

2.2.1 USB mode

When the UMX is linked via USB to a computer, the signal flow is as shown below (Fig. 2.1).



Fig. 2.1: Block diagram of MIDI signal flow

After the UMX has been connected to the host computer, a virtual MIDI IN and MIDI OUT interface is emulated.

MIDI data generated in the UMX are first sent over the USB interface to the host computer, where they are received at the emulated MIDI IN. A sequencer software running on the host computer receives the MIDI data via the MIDI IN and relays them to the emulated MIDI OUT—if all sequencer parameters are set properly. The data are then sent back to the UMX via the USB interfaces on the computer/UMX, where they are looped through to the physical MIDI OUT (14). From here, the MIDI data are sent to the devices connected to the MIDI OUT.

The MIDI OUT connector $\boxed{14}$ can also be used as a normal MIDI interface, independently of the sequencer software operating the UMX.

2.2.2 Stand-alone operation

When the UMX is not linked via USB to a computer, it is automatically set to stand-alone mode. In this case, the UMX can only send out MIDI data from its MIDI OUT connector.

3. CONTROL ELEMENTS AND CONNECTIONS

- The following factory settings refer to GLOBAL MIDI channel 1.
- 1 The *keyboard* of the UMX has 49 or 61 large, velocitysensitive keys for maximum playing comfort. The keyboard not only provides for playing, but also functions 11 as an encoder in the context of the assignment procedure.
- The MODULATION wheel is factory-set to function as a conventional modulation wheel (MIDI CC 1). In ASSIGN mode, any MIDI controller can be assigned to it. When you release the MODULATION wheel, it retains its adjusted value.
- 3 The *PITCH BEND* wheel is normally used to change the pitch in real time. In this way, a sound can be "bent" upwards/downwards by several semitones while playing. As a default factory setting, pitch bending is assigned to this wheel. However, in ASSIGN mode you can assign any MIDI control command to the pitch wheel.
- 4 Ex works, the VOLUME/DATA fader controls the volume of the notes played on the keyboard (MIDI CC 7). In ASSIGN mode, it can be set to control any MIDI controller.
- **5** The *ASSIGN* button allows you to assign different functions to the various control elements.

The basic principle is always the same:

1) Press the ASSIGN button and **keep** it **pressed**. The status LED above the button lights up. The UMX signals that it has entered ASSIGN mode.

2) Select the control element to which you would like to assign a new MIDI function by operating it.

3) Release the ASSIGN button.

4) Depending on the choice you made, you may have to define an additional value range (see below for more details).

5) Press the **ENTER**-button on the keyboard to confirm your assignments. To discard your assignments either press the **CANCEL**-button or the ASSIGN button again. In either case, the ASSIGN LED goes out and the UMX quits ASSIGN mode.

- 6 The USER MEMORY button is used to recall the internal memory. The internal memory contains all assignment information set in ASSIGN mode. Any changes that were made after USER MEMORY selection are automatically saved without further user prompts. The USER MEMORY is retained even after the unit is switched off.
- 7 The two OCTAVE SHIFT buttons are preset to shift the keyboard range by up to three octaves up or down. The associated LEDs help you identify the current octave setting (see Table 3.1). Since the OCTAVE SHIFT buttons can also be assigned to any MIDI controller, we would like to refer you to Chapters 4.2.8 and 4.2.9 for detailed information.
- The eight high-resolution rotary controls R1 R8 generate
continuous controller information. They are the controllers
that are shown above the buttons in the table 10. All
rotary controllers can be assigned to any controller in
ASSIGN mode.
- $\fbox{1} The eight buttons B1 B8 generate switch controllers. Again, they are assigned to various default functions (see table on the device). Like the rotary controls, the buttons can be freely assigned to any controller in ASSIGN mode. \\$
- 10 The table shows the factory-set controller assignments.



Fig. 3.1: Top view of the UMX

[11] Keyboard legend: Informs you about the special functions performed by individual keys on the keyboard. The individual elements of the keyboard legend are described in detail in Chapter 4 "OPERATION".

Operation	Octave shift	LED
nress once	Shift one octave	L ED on
press once	up or dow n	EED ON
press 2nd	Shift 2 octaves	flashing
time	up or dow n	nasning
press 3rd	Shift 3 octaves	flashing
time	up or dow n	nasning
press both	Reset (all octave	LED off
buttons	shifts are reversed)	

Table 3.1: LED activity depending on the OCTAVE SHIFT status



Fig. 3.2: Rear panel connectors

- 12 Use this socket to supply the UMX with current from an external power supply unit (not included).
- [13] The USB connector of the UMX. The connector (type B) on the device is connected using the cable supplied to a free slot on the host computer (where you will find a type A connector). It is compatible with the USB1.1 and/or USB2.0 standards.
- 14 In addition to the connection to the computer, you can use the MIDI OUT to connect additional MIDI devices, so that the UMX transforms into a fully-featured, easily accessible MIDI interface for your host computer.
- 15 Use the FOOT SWITCH connector to connect a sustain pedal. This port is factory-set and assigned to the MIDI parameter "Foot Pedal" (CC 64), which represents a switch controller. When the pedal is pressed (and held) in normal Play mode, it generates a controller with the value 127. When the pedal is released, the controller falls back to 0 (typical piano sustain pedal behavior). Apart from that the pedal assignment is the same as the button assignment, i.e. you can assign any MIDI controller to it.
- [16] The POWER switch is used to switch the unit on and off.

R Please close all programs if you want to switch off the UMX while the computer is running or terminate the USB connection.

4. OPERATION

In the following, we will explain the operation of the UMX in detail. Please note the differentiation between push-buttons (refer to control elements 10) and keys (control element 1)! Please do not confuse these!

4.1 PLAY mode

The UMX is in the PLAY mode immediately after it is switched on. Here you can immediately begin to play, modify the filtering process via the rotary controls, execute panning, control software synthesizers and so on.

4.1.1 The FACTORY MEMORY

The FACTORY MEMORY is the installed memory in which the basic settings of the UMX are defined. The controller map described under 10 is the most important item of the FACTORY MEMORY. These settings are automatically loaded after each start of the device and control many useful parameters.

Instructions which are changed within a session are discarded when the device is switched off. We have equipped the UMX with a USER MEMORY, in order to still be able to store changed allocations.

4.1.2 The USER MEMORY

Settings which are stored in the USER MEMORY remain stored in the internal Flash ROM and are retained after the device is switched off.

Change to the USER MEMORY by pressing push-button 6. If you call up the USER MEMORY for the first time, the settings of the FACTORY MEMORY will be used initially. As soon as you execute changes in the existing controller map, they are automatically stored without requiring any further action.

In the USER MEMORY, allocations including channel information of the following control elements can be permanently stored:

- FOOT SWITCH connection
- OCTAVE SHIFT push-button
- VOLUME/DATA fader
- PITCH BEND wheel
- MODULATION wheel
- Rotary controls R1 R8
- Push-buttons B1 B8

4. OPERATION

7

GB

4.2 ASSIGN mode

As already mentioned in previous chapters, the ASSIGN Mode is a powerful tool to optionally reconfigure the UMX into an ultracomfortable controller.

The basic logic of the allocation process has been introduced to you in Chapter 3 "CONTROL ELEMENTS". In the following we will offer you more detailed information to enable you to use the UMX even more efficiently.

4.2.1 Setting the GLOBAL CHANNEL

The UMX recognizes two separate classifications in regard to MIDI channels. There is a GLOBAL CHANNEL and 15 additional SINGLE CHANNELs.

The GLOBAL MIDI CHANNEL is the channel through which all MIDI commands are sent in the factory setting: messages by various control elements, as well as the Note On and Note Off commands. To change this channel, proceed as follows:

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Press the CH SELECT key.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- Define the GLOBAL CHANNEL by operating one of the keys CH 1 through CH 16 on the keyboard.
- 5) Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.
- The factory setting for the GLOBAL CHANNEL is channel 1.

4.2.2 Individual channel assignment

The assignment of individual control elements to defined channels is useful if you want to control several external devices independently from each other.

Example:

You are playing synthesizer A through channel 2 with the keyboard and have a sequencer program controlling another synthesizer B through channel 5. You can now control the filter frequency of device B through one of the eight jog/shuttle controls in real time and simultaneously continue to play device A without changing the filter frequency.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Activate the control element, for which another channel than the GLOBAL CHANNEL is to be set. If this is a controller or fader, briefly move the control element; when you have decided on a push-button, press this push-button once. The UMX now "knows" to which control element you would like to assign a SINGLE CHANNEL.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- 4) Press one of the 16 channel keys CH 1 through CH 16.
- 5) Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please select the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.
- All control elements of the UMX follow the GLOBAL CHANNEL in their channel settings (factory settings). This means that a control element is *always* in the GLOBAL CHANNEL until you assign it to another channel. Please also consider this when you change the GLOBAL CHANNEL, since various elements will also change accordingly!

4.2.3 GLOBAL CHANNEL assignment

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Activate the control element for which the GLOBAL CHANNEL is to be set. If this is a controller or fader, briefly move the control element; when you have decided on a push-button, press this push-button once. The UMX now "knows" to which control element you would like to assign a GLOBAL CHANNEL.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- 4) Press the GLOBAL key.
- Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.

4.2.4 The PANIC key combination

Imagine that you have been working continuously on one song for several hours and a note suddenly "hangs up". If you now execute a PANIC command, a sound producing device receiving this command becomes silent immediately.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Press one of the two RESET ALL keys or NOTES OFF
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button. The device will automatically return to the normal play mode.
- The command "All Notes Off" will be sent <u>immediately</u> after you have pressed one of the two keys.

4.2.5 The SNAPSHOT SEND command

The SNAPSHOT command triggers the transmission of all parameters including their current values. All control element assignments as well as their temporary settings on the respective channels are transmitted to the MIDI OUT socket and to the USB output of the UMX.

It is possible by this method to transfer the complete UMX mapping to a sequencer software at the beginning of a song. This is to make sure the song is played with the last valid controller values. Apart from this, the SNAPSHOT allows you to reset the correct values in an external device where parameters have shifted.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Press the SNAP SEND push-button on the keyboard.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button. The device automatically returns to the normal play mode.
- The SNAPSHOT command is transmitted <u>immediately</u> after activating the keyboard.

4.2.6 LOCAL OFF

The LOCAL OFF in the UMX has the effect that value entries made via the control elements are neither transmitted to the MIDI OUT socket nor to the USB OUT. It is therefore possible in the LOCAL OFF mode, for example, to readjust the rotary controls without transmitting data to the generally selected external devices.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and **hold** it **down**.
- 2) Press the LOCAL OFF key.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button again and complete the desired settings on the control elements.
- Then, press the ENTER key or the CANCEL key. The LED of the ASSIGN key goes off in both cases and you are in normal play mode again.

4.2.7 Control elements assignment

We explained in Chapter 4.2.2 how an individual *channel* can be assigned to each control element. You will now find out how to assign new *controllers <u>and</u>* a *channel*.

a) The assignment for rotary controls R1 – R8, the MODULATION controller, the PITCH BEND wheel, as well as the DATA fader

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2a) If you would like to assign one of the eight **rotary controls**, turn the respective controller.
- 2b) If you assign the **MODULATION controller**, please activate one of the keys located below the lettering **MOD WHEEL ASSIGN**, **MODULA**, **VOLUME** or **CC**. You can bypass step 5, if you decide on the **MODULA** and/or the **VOLUME** key. The MIDI controller "MODULATION" (CC 1) and/or "CHANNEL VOLUME" (CC 7) is then directly assigned to the MODULATION controller without having to enter a controller number first.
- 2c) If you assign the PITCH BEND wheel, please activate one of the keys located below the lettering PB WHEEL ASSIGN, PITCH BEND or CC. You can bypass step 5, if you decide on the PITCH BEND key. The original pitch bend function is then directly assigned to the PITCH BEND wheel.
- 2d) If you complete an assignment for the **DATA fader**, please activate one of the keys located below the lettering **SLIDER ASSIGN**, **VOLUME** or **CC**. You can bypass step 5 if you decide on the **VOLUME** key. The original volume function is then directly assigned to the DATA fader.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button again.
- 4) Press one of the 16 channel push-buttons CH 1 through CH 16 to define the channel.
- 5) Press the number keys on the keyboard in sequence until you have completely entered the desired controller number. Only value entries between 0 and 127 are possible. Greater values are ignored by the device.

Examples:

- Press	[1) and (4	」 if you have decided on CC 14,
for exai	mple.			

- Press ____, ___ and ____ if you would like to select CC 107.

6) Finally press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The LED of the ASSIGN pushbutton will go off in all 3 cases.

b) Assigning push-buttons B1 – B8 and the optional sustain pedal connected to the socket $\boxed{15}$.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- Press the related control element once (however, it is not necessary to continue pressing it).
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button again.
- Press one of the 16 channel push-buttons <u>CH 1</u> through <u>CH 16</u> to define the channel.
- Press the number keys on the keyboard in sequence until you have completely entered the desired controller number. Only value entries between 0 and 127 are possible. Greater values are ignored by the device.
- 6) Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The LED of the ASSIGN pushbutton will go off in all 3 cases.

Please note **two exceptions** in conjunction with the pushbuttons and/or the sustain pedal.

- If you assign CC 07 (Channel Volume) to the pushbuttons, a channel volume of 0 is triggered each time you press the push-button. This means the channel is always mute. This feature is very useful for live operation.
- If you use controller CC 10 (panning) for the pushbuttons or the sustain pedal, pressing the control element transmits value 64. This results in hearing the content of the channel in the center of the stereo panorama.

4.2.8 Program and bank change

You have three different options achieving a program change in external devices with the UMX. This is a very powerful function, which will enable you to use the full spectrum of all of your sound producers.

Options a) and b) will allow you to select any programs by means of a defined selection procedure, which always has to be completed. The process is generally accelerated in the third option c), so that you will be able to directly select programs by pressing the push-button once.

a) If you are sure that you want to select from 128 different programs only, you will achieve the ASSIGN mode program change by the following method. As soon as the quantity of 128 is exceeded, however, you must apply the process described under paragraph b).

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and **hold** it **down**.
- Press one of the 16 white channel keys <u>CH 1</u> through <u>CH 16</u> on the keyboard. You have now defined the channel by which the program change will be transmitted.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- 4) Press the **PROGRAM** key.
- 5) Press the number keys in sequence until you have completely entered the desired program number. Only value entries between 0 and 127 are possible. Greater values are ignored by the device.

Examples:

- Press 1 and 5 if you have decided on program 15, for example.

- Press _____, ____ and _____ if you would like to select program 127.

6) Press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN pushbutton again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.

b) If you have more than 128 programs, you must apply the following process to achieve a program change. In this case, your programs will be organized in *banks* which are activated by a special MIDI command: the *BANK SELECT* command. In the following section, this command is briefly described. A brief introduction for this is listed in the following:

The BANK SELECT command consists of two parts: an *MSB* part and an *LSB* part.

The MSB part describes a value range of 128 different values and is the more important part of the DATA BASE SELECT command for many external devices.

The LSB part describes each of the 128 MSBs in another 128 individual stages. Both are individually numbered from 0 to 127.

The enormous value range of a total of 128 x 128 = 16,384

9

GB

different values is therefore available to you via the BANK SELECT command. This theoretically means that you could use external devices which support the same amount of different banks.

If you consider that each of these banks again contains another 128 individual programs, you will receive the unbelievably large number of 2,097,152 different options to organize these programs.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Press one of the 16 channel keys CH 1 through CH 16, or press the GLOBAL key.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- 4) Press the BANK MSB key. Then press the number keys in sequence until you have completely entered the desired BANK MSB number. Only value entries between 0 and 127 are possible. Greater values are ignored by the device.

The BANK MSB has now been defined.

Examples:

- Press 1 and 4 if you have decided on MSB 14, for example.

- Press _____, ___ and ____ if you would like to select MSB 107.

5) Now define the BANK LSB by pressing the **BANK LSB** key. Then enter the number value of the BANK LSB with the already familiar procedure (see step 4). The same entry rules apply as for the BANK MSB.

You have defined the bank in which the desired program will be called up in steps 4 and 5. Now all you have to define is the program itself:

- 6) Press the PROGRAM key and then press the number keys in sequence until you have completely entered the desired program number. Only entries between 0 and 127 are possible, greater values are ignored by the device. Ready!
- Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.

Example:

You want to select preset No. 49 in bank 25 of an external device on channel 14 via the UMX. Only the LSB will be used to describe the bank, since the bank number remains less than 128. The MSB in this case equals 0.

- 1) Press and hold the ASSIGN push-button.
- 2) Press the channel key CH 14.
- 3) Press and hold the ASSIGN push-button.
- 2) Press the channel key.
- 4) Then, press the **BANK MSB** key or the **O** key.
- 5) Press BANK LSB key and then describe bank 25 with pushbuttons 2 and 5.
- 6) Define the program: Press the **PROGRAM** key and then the 4 and 9 keys for program 49.
- 7) Press the ENTER key.

c) Direct program selection through the two OCTAVE SHIFT push-buttons.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Select the OCTAVE SHIFT push-button which you want to assign to the program change function.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button again.

- 4) Defined the channel by which the program change will be transmitted. Press one of the 16 channel keys CH 1 through CH 16 on the keyboard.
- 5) Press the **PROG DIR** key. Then press the number keys on the keyboard in sequence until you have completely entered the desired preset number. Only value entries between 0 and 127 are possible. Greater values are ignored by the device.
- 6) Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please select the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.
- As soon as you have assigned the direct program selection to one or both OCTAVE SHIFT pushbuttons simultaneously, pressing both pushbuttons will not activate ANYTHING!

4.2.9 Other functions of the OCTAVE SHIFT buttons

The OCTAVE SHIFT push-buttons of the device are in their initial state every time the UMX is switched on (see Table 3.1).

Further special functions can be assigned to both push-buttons in the ASSIGN mode in addition to the already covered functions regarding direct program change and octave transposition:

- a) Transposition in individual semitone steps
- b) Sequential scrolling in program libraries
- c) Optional controller functions
- As soon as you assign a function to one of the two push-buttons, the second push-button will automatically assume the same function, however, it is still restricted in its functionality. It is not capable of sending data until you assign a function to this push-button with the ASSIGN procedure.
- a) Transposition in individual semitone steps
- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Press the TRANSP +/- key.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- 4) Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.

Pressing the right hand one of the two push-buttons causes a shift by one semitone upward pressing the left hand one leads to a shift by one semitone downward. Pressing both push-buttons cancels all transpositions.

A keyboard can consist of a maximum of 128 semitones according to the MIDI standard. If you have reached the lower or upper end of this tone range with the transposition function, you cannot exceed the highest or lowest tone despite continued pressing of the transposition push-button. This also applies to the transposition in octave steps.

b) Sequential scrolling in program libraries.

Most sound producers have the option to store presets in a separate bank (frequently called a *User Bank*). If the sequence of songs to be played at a concert is defined by your band, you can store all of the sounds used for the gig in the User Bank in the sequence they occur in the concert and completely concentrate on your playing. A cumbersome search for sounds in the sound producers is no longer required thanks to the OCTAVE SHIFT push-buttons.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2) Press the PROG +/- key.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button.
- Finally, press the ENTER key. In order to discard your assignments, please press the CANCEL key or press the ASSIGN push-button again. The ASSIGN LED will go off in all 3 cases.

Pressing the right hand one of the two push-buttons now causes your external device to switch one preset number upward to be switched upward in your external device; pressing the left hand causes a step downward in your preset library. By pressing both push-buttons you jump to Preset 0 in the current bank.

Please note that you must assign an individual MIDI channel to the OCTAVE SHIFT push-buttons if you do not want to work in the GLOBAL CHANNEL (refer to Chapter 4.2.2).

In case of the stepwise search function, the channel assignment always affects both the push-buttons. The assignment of a separate channel to one of the 2 push-buttons is not supported.

c) Optional controller functions

Please note that the OCTAVE SHIFT push-buttons generate switch controllers in the event of a controller assignment. One of the two values 0 or 127 will always be produced.

- There are two exceptions: if you assign controller CC 07 (Channel Volume) to the OCTAVE SHIFT pushbuttons, pressing one of the push-buttons will always generate the value 0. In case of controller CC 10 (panning), pressing a push-button will always produce the value 64.
- Please note that pressing both push-buttons simultaneously <u>does not</u> generate anything when assigning a controller.
- 1) Press the ASSIGN button and keep it pressed.
- 2) Press the one of the two OCTAVE SHIFT buttons to which you want to assign a controller.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN button.
- Assign the channel. Press one of the 16 channel keys <u>CH 1</u> to <u>CH 16</u>. You can assign each of both the OCTAVE SHIFT buttons to an individual MIDI channel.
- 5) Press the cc key to be found under BUTTON ASSIGN .
- Press the number keys on the keyboard to enter the controller number of your choice (as described in Chapter 4.2.7).
- 7) Confirm your selection with ENTER. To discard your assignments either press the CANCEL button or the ASSIGN button again. In all 3 cases the ASSIGN LED goes out.

4.2.10 Velocity Sensitivity

The sensitivity of the UMX can be regulated so that the velocity of the keys has an effect on the volume level.

- 1) Press the ASSIGN button and keep it pressed.
- Use the number keys to enter the keyboard velocity (see Table 4.1).
- 3) Release the ASSIGN button.
- Confirm your selection with ENTER. To discard your assignments either press the CANCEL button or the ASSIGN button again. In all 3 cases the ASSIGN LED goes out.

KEY	EFFECT ON KEY VELOCITY
	OFF: velocity value is fixed to 110. Change of key pressure has no effect on volume level.
<u> </u>	SOFT: key pressure is very sensitive; low velocity changes create high changes in volume level
2	MEDIUM: key pressure is "normal"; (very) hard hit notes are (very) loud, (very) soft hit notes produce (very) low volume
3	HARD: key pressure is more unsusceptible compared to all other settings
4 bis 9	invalid input



4.2.11 The FACTORY RESET command

To reset all settings on your UMX, proceed as follows:

- 1) Press the ASSIGN push-button and hold it down.
- 2a) To cause a temporary FACTORY RESET, simultaneously press both OCTAVE SHIFT push-buttons. All temporarily changed control elements are returned to their factory settings. The USER MEMORY, however, is retained and will not be reset.
- 2b) Simultaneously press the 8, 9 and keys to perform a complete FACTORY RESET. In this case, the USER memory is also overwritten, in addition to resetting all control elements of the FACTORY MEMORY.
- 3) Release the ASSIGN push-button again. The LED of the ASSIGN push-button stays on.
- Finally, press the ENTER key. If you do not wish to perform the RESET command, please press either the CANCELkey or press the ASSIGN push-button again.

5. SPECIFICATIONS

USB connections Type	Type B; USB1.1			
MIDI connections Type	5-pin DIN plug OUT			
CONTROL ELEMENTS Controller Buttons Keyboard UMX61 UMX49	S 1 control wheel with center reset 1 control wheel without center rese 8 rotary knobs 1 fader 12 buttons 61 keys; velocity-sensitive 49 keys; velocity-sensitive			
SWITCH PLUG Foot pedal	1/4" mono jack with automatic polarity recognition			
POWER SUPPLY USB Battery Power connector Power consumption UMX61 UMX61 DIMENSIONS/WEIGHT Dimensions (W x H x UMX61 UMX49 Weight	3 x 1.5 Volt Mignon (Type "AA") 2 mm DC jack, negative center 9 V == , 100 mA DC, regulated USA/Canada 120 V~, 60 Hz China/Korea 220 V~, 50 Hz UK/Australia 230 V~, 50 Hz Japan 100 V~, 50–60 Hz max. 0.9 W max. 0.9 W * CD) approx. 8 15/32" x 3 26/32" x 38 31/32 (215 mm x 97 mm x 990 mm) approx. 8 15/32" x 3 26/32" x 32 15/3 (215 mm x 97 mm x 825 mm)			
UMX49	approx. 10 11/3 approx. 8 19/3	32 lbs. (4.69 kg) 2 lbs. (3.90 kg)		

BEHRINGER is constantly striving to manintain the highest professional standards. As a result of these efforts, modifications may be made from time to time to existing products without prior notice. Specifications and appearance may differ from those listed or illustrated.

6. APPENDIX

	Standard MIDI Controller (CC) Numbers						
00	Bank Select	32	Bank Select LSB	64	Damper Pedal (Sustain)	96	Data Entry +1 (Increment)
01	Modulation	33	Modulation LSB	65	Portamento On/Off	97	Data Entry -1 (Decrement)
02	Breath Controller	34	Breath Controller LSB	66	Sostenuto On/Off	98	NRPN LSB
03	Controller 3 (undefined)	35	Controller 35 (undefined)	67	Soft Pedal On/Off	99	NRPN MSB
04	Foot Controller	36	Foot Controller LSB	68	Legato Footswitch	100	RPN LSB
05	Portamento Time	37	Portamento Time LSB	69	Hold 2	101	RPN MSB
06	Data Entry MSB	38	Data Entry LSB	70	Sound Controller 1 (Sound Variation)	102	Controller 102 (undefined)
07	Channel Volume (formerly Main Volume)	39	Channel Volume LSB (formerly Main Volume)	71	Sound Controller 2 (Resonance/Timbre)	103	Controller 103 (undefined)
08	Balance	40	Balance LSB	72	Sound Controller 3 (Release Time)	104	Controller 104 (undefined)
09	Controller 9 (undefined)	41	Controller 41 (undefined)	73	Sound Controller 4 (Attack Time)	105	Controller 105 (undefined)
10	Pan	42	Pan LSB	74	Sound Controller 5 (Cutoff Frequency/ Brightness)	106	Controller 106 (undefined)
11	Expression	43	Expression LSB	75	Sound Controller 6 (Decay Time)	107	Controller 107 (undefined)
12	Effect Control 1	44	Effect Control 1 LSB	76	Sound Controller 7 (Vibrato Rate)	108	Controller 108 (undefined)
13	Effect Control 2	45	Effect Control 2 LSB	77	Sound Controller 8 (Vibrato Depth)	109	Controller 109 (undefined)
14	Controller 14 (undefined)	46	Controller 46 (undefined)	78	Sound Controller 9 (Vibrato Delay)	110	Controller 110 (undefined)
15	Controller 15 (undefined)	47	Controller 47 (undefined)	79	Sound Controller 10 (undefined)	111	Controller 111 (undefined)
16	General Purpose 1	48	General Purpose 1 LSB	80	General Purpose 5	112	Controller 112 (undefined)
17	General Purpose 2	49	General Purpose 2 LSB	81	General Purpose 6	113	Controller 113 (undefined)
18	General Purpose 3	50	General Purpose 3 LSB	82	General Purpose 7	114	Controller 114 (undefined)
19	General Purpose 4	51	General Purpose 4 LSB	83	General Purpose 8	115	Controller 115 (undefined)
20	Controller 20 (undefined)	52	Controller 52 (undefined)	84	Portamento Control	116	Controller 116 (undefined)
21	Controller 21 (undefined)	53	Controller 53 (undefined)	85	Controller 85 (undefined)	117	Controller 117 (undefined)
22	Controller 22 (undefined)	54	Controller 54 (undefined)	86	Controller 86 (undefined)	118	Controller 118 (undefined)
23	Controller 23 (undefined)	55	Controller 55 (undefined)	87	Controller 87 (undefined)	119	Controller 119 (undefined)
24	Controller 24 (undefined)	56	Controller 56 (undefined)	88	Controller 88 (undefined)	120	All Sound Off
25	Controller 25 (undefined)	57	Controller 57 (undefined)	89	Controller 89 (undefined)	121	Reset All Controllers
26	Controller 26 (undefined)	58	Controller 58 (undefined)	90	Controller 90 (undefined)	122	Local Control On/Off
27	Controller 27 (undefined)	59	Controller 59 (undefined)	91	Effects 1 Depth (Reverb)	123	All Notes Off
28	Controller 28 (undefined)	60	Controller 60 (undefined)	92	Effects 2 Depth (Tremolo)	124	Omni Mode Off
29	Controller 29 (undefined)	61	Controller 61 (undefined)	93	Effects 3 Depth (Chorus)	125	Omni Mode On
30	Controller 30 (undefined)	62	Controller 62 (undefined)	94	Effects 4 Depth (Celeste/Detune)	126	Poly Mode Off/ Mono Mode On
31	Controller 31 (undefined)	63	Controller 63 (undefined)	95	Effects 5 Depth (Phaser)	127	Poly Mode On/ Mono Mode Off

Tab. 6.1: MIDI-Controller overview

7. WARRANTY

§ 1 OTHER WARRANTY RIGHTS AND NATIONAL LAW

1. This warranty does not exclude or limit the buyer's statutory rights provided by national law, in particular, any such rights against the seller that arise from a legally effective purchase contract.

2. The warranty regulations mentioned herein are applicable unless they constitute an infringement of national warranty law.

§ 2 ONLINE REGISTRATION

Please do remember to register your new BEHRINGER equipment right after your purchase by visiting www.behringer.com (alternatively www.behringer.de) and kindly read the terms and conditions of our warranty carefully.

Registering your purchase and equipment with us helps us process your repair claims quicker and more efficiently.

Thank you for your cooperation!

§ 3 WARRANTY

1. BEHRINGER (BEHRINGER International GmbH including all BEHRINGER subsidiaries listed on the enclosed page, except BEHRINGER Japan) warrants the mechanical and electronic components of this product to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year* from the original date of purchase, in accordance with the warranty regulations described below. If the product shows any defects within the specified warranty period that are not excluded from this warranty as described under § 5, BEHRINGER shall, at its discretion, either replace or repair the product using suitable new or reconditioned parts. In the case that other parts are used which constitute an improvement, BEHRINGER may, at its discretion, charge the customer for the additional cost of these parts.

2. If the warranty claim proves to be justified, the product will be returned to the user freight prepaid.

3. Warranty claims other than those indicated above are expressly excluded.

§4 RETURN AUTHORIZATION NUMBER

1. To obtain warranty service, the buyer (or his authorized dealer) must call BEHRINGER (see enclosed list) during normal business hours **BEFORE** returning the product. All inquiries must be accompanied by a description of the problem. BEHRINGER will then issue a return authorization number.

2. Subsequently, the product must be returned in its original shipping carton, together with the return authorization number to the address indicated by BEHRINGER.

3. Shipments without freight prepaid will not be accepted.

§ 5 WARRANTY REGULATIONS

1. Warranty services will be furnished only if the product is accompanied by a copy of the original retail dealer's invoice. Any product deemed eligible for repair or replacement under the terms of this warranty will be repaired or replaced.

2. If the product needs to be modified or adapted in order to comply with applicable technical or safety standards on a national or local level, in any country which is not the country for which the product was originally developed and manufactured, this modification/adaptation shall not be considered a defect in materials or workmanship. The warranty does not cover any such modification/adaptation, irrespective of whether it was carried out properly or not. Under the terms of this warranty, BEHRINGER shall not be held responsible for any cost resulting from such a modification/adaptation.

3. Free inspections and maintenance/repair work are expressly excluded from this warranty, in particular, if caused by improper handling of the product by the user. This also applies to defects caused by normal wear and tear, in particular, of faders, crossfaders, potentiometers, keys/buttons, tubes, guitar strings, illuminants and similar parts.

4. Damages/defects caused by the following conditions are not covered by this warranty:

- improper handling, neglect or failure to operate the unit in compliance with the instructions given in BEHRINGER user or service manuals.
- connection or operation of the unit in any way that does not comply with the technical or safety regulations applicable in the country where the product is used.
- damages/defects caused by force majeure or any other condition that is beyond the control of BEHRINGER.

5. Any repair or opening of the unit carried out by unauthorized personnel (user included) will void the warranty.

6. If an inspection of the product by BEHRINGER shows that the defect in question is not covered by the warranty, the inspection costs are payable by the customer.

7. Products which do not meet the terms of this warranty will be repaired exclusively at the buyer's expense. BEHRINGER will inform the buyer of any such circumstance. If the buyer fails to submit a written repair order within 6 weeks after notification, BEHRINGER will return the unit C.O.D. with a separate invoice for freight and packing. Such costs will also be invoiced separately when the buyer has sent in a written repair order.

§6 WARRANTY TRANSFERABILITY

This warranty is extended exclusively to the original buyer (customer of retail dealer) and is not transferable to anyone who may subsequently purchase this product. No other person (retail dealer, etc.) shall be entitled to give any warranty promise on behalf of BEHRINGER.

§ 7 CLAIM FOR DAMAGES

Failure of BEHRINGER to provide proper warranty service shall not entitle the buyer to claim (consequential) damages. In no event shall the liability of BEHRINGER exceed the invoiced value of the product.

* Customers in the European Union please contact BEHRINGER Germany Support for further details.

Technical specifications and appearance subject to change without notice. The information contained herein is correct at the time of printing. WINDOWS® as well as the names of companies, institutions or publications pictured or mentioned and their respective logos are registered trademarks of their respective owners. Mac® and the Mac® logo are registered trademarks of Apple Computers Inc., registered in the USA and other countries. Their use neither constitutes a claim of the trademarks by BEHRINGER nor affiliation of the trademark owners with BEHRINGER accepts no liability for any loss which may be suffered by any person who relies either wholly or in part upon any description, photograph or statement contained herein. Colors and specification may vary slightly from product. Products are sold through our authorized dealers only. Distributors and dealers are not agents of BEHRINGER and have absolutely no authority to bind BEHRINGER by any express or implied undertaking or representation. No part of this manual may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording of any kind, for any purpose, without the express written permission of BEHRINGER International GmbH. BEHRINGER® is a registered trademark.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. © 2006 BEHRINGER International GmbH, Hanns-Martin-Schleyer-Str. 36-38, 47877 Willich-Münchheide II, Germany. Tel. +49 2154 9206 0, Fax +49 2154 9206 4903